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People in Need Czech TV Foundation

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E-MAIL: PINF@CZECH-TV.CZ,
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The People in Need - Czech TV Foundation (PINF) is a non-governmental, nonprofit organization that provides emergency humanitarian aid to countries in crisis, advocates for human rights, and supports pro-democracy activists and independent journalists opposing repressive regimes. Since its establishment in 1992, PINF has directly implemented more than US$ 17 million of aid activities in 25 countries, including the Czech Republic.

In January 2000, PINF was the first international agency to succeed in delivering relief aid into Chechnya after the outbreak of the second war, and in the course of the year became a main implementing partner of the United Nations mission there. It was a main supplier of food and shelter materials to the Chechen capital, Grozny, and established a number of emergency schools in refugee centers in Ingushetia. In Kosovo, PINF built or reconstructed scores of private homes and several schools, and managed a major project to support local non-governmental organizations. During 2000 it also continued implementing a multi-year infrastructural development project in the Banát district of Romania, and in December delivered a consignment of relief aid to northeast Afghanistan.

Meanwhile, PINF expanded a new project to improve the status of Roma minorities in nine localities of Bohemia and Moravia. Under a separate project, PINF arranged housing, jobs, education and legal documents for a number of Czech families from Kazakhstan and Russia who were repatriated to the Czech Republic.

In April 2000 PINF organized its second annual One World international documentary film festival in Prague, followed by screenings in other locations around the country. We produced what is now an ongoing series of documentary films on mainly international issues for Czech TV, including a film on the war in Chechnya that was a finalist in the 2000 Novartis awards competition of Johns Hopkins University in Washington DC. Our annual Homo Homini award went to Min Ko Naing, a Burmese prisoner of conscience and student leader.

We would not have been able to achieve our goals without the support of the Czech public, the work of hundreds of volunteers, and our partnerships with Czech media and a number of local and international organizations. We would therefore like to thank all these supporters who once again made our work possible during the past year.

Tomáš Pojar
Czech Republic
Belarus
United Kingdom
Croatia
Bosnia and Herzegovina
Montenegro
Macedonia
Albania
Slovakia
Ukraine
Kazakhstan
Chechnya/Ingushetia
Tajikistan
Afghanistan
Colombia
Cuba
Somalia
Burma
Mongolia
Kosovo
Nagorno-Karabakh

PINF activities
(YEAR 2000 HIGHLIGHTED IN BLACK)
Relief and development aid

“People in need is a small organization, but its activities are well targeted and intelligent: no bureaucratic expenses, only straightforward and effective relief aid.”

American writer Susan Sontag
**GROZNY**

**First Convoys** - PINF was the first international agency to organize convoys of relief aid into warring Chechnya, beginning in January 2000. When the heaviest fighting between the Russian and Chechen forces began to recede, PINF coordinators were the first to reach the destroyed capital city, Grozny. Throughout the spring and early summer, PINF’s relief convoys were financed with funds from its “SOS Chechnya” campaign, which raised US$ 518,000.

**Food for Grozny** - In summer 2000, the organization signed a sub-contract agreement with the World Food Program and became WFP’s main implementing partner for Chechnya. PINF distributed more than 2000 metric tonnes of WFP basic foods in the worst-hit areas of Grozny during the second half of the year, totaling 40,000 individual recipients. Targeted recipients were children under 16, elderly over 55, orphans, the disabled, pregnant and lactating women and IDPs without shelter.

**Other Help for Grozny** - Our distribution program also included supplying Grozny with hygienic supplies. Between August and December 2000, the 40,000 food recipients were also given 230,000 pcs of soap and washing powder, with the criteria for distribution being the same as for food. The program was financed by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR).

**Reconstruction of Schools** - With a special grant from the Charles S. Mott Foundation (USA), PINF reconstructed the bomb-damaged 14th School in Grozny’s Leninski district which is now attended by some 2,000 students, the first project of its kind in Grozny. A total of $52,000 was invested in the complete renovation of this school.

**INGUSHETIA**

**Largest Network Of Alternative Schools For Refugees** - In refugee camps in Ingushetia, PINF erected 18 tented and 3 wooden structures as schools for 1700 Chechen children and 70 teachers. All the schools are located in so-called “wild camps” like cowsheds, storehouses and abandoned factories. The project was started with funds from PINF’s “SOS Chechnya” campaign, but since late summer 2000 has been financially supported by UNICEF.

**Mobile Health Clinic And Medical Evacuations** - Since spring 2000, a mobile clinic operated by PINF has provided basic health care to refugees in nine wild camps in Allievo, Plievo, Troitskaya, Karabulak and Nazran. Health care included medical checks, preventive health measures, distribution of basic medicines and in some serious cases, evacuation of patients for surgery in Ingushetia, Russia or abroad.
RECONSTRUCTION OF HOUSES

With the support of the UNHCR and the Czech Government (mediated by the Ministry of Interior), in autumn 2000 PINF started a reconstruction program for Chechen families in the most devastated but accessible villages. By the end of the year we distributed basic materials for the reconstruction of 1,108 houses inhabited by 7,600 people in six of the worst-hit Chechen villages - Duba Yurt, Ulus Kert, Datchu Borzoy, Katyr Yurt, Serzhen Yurt and Staraya Sunzha. PINF shelter teams visited each of the houses recommended for reconstruction to ensure that they met the needs criteria, and supervised the distribution of roofing, nails, ridge tiles and plastic sheeting for windows. The aid was provided to families with small children in villages where at least 40% of houses were damaged. The families performed the repair work themselves.

A similar program to benefit more than 2,000 families will continue in 2001.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VILLAGE</th>
<th>NO. OF HOUSES</th>
<th>INHABITANTS</th>
<th>ROOFING</th>
<th>NAILS</th>
<th>RIDGE TILES</th>
<th>PLASTIC SHEETING</th>
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<td>486</td>
<td>3,235</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>265</td>
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<td>129</td>
<td>818</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>636</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>353</td>
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<td>59</td>
<td>410</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>712</td>
<td>818</td>
<td>35</td>
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<td>Katyr Yurt</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>1,169</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>736</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,430</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
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<td>818</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>644</td>
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<td>164</td>
<td>1,145</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>735</td>
<td>1,422</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
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<td><strong>51</strong></td>
<td><strong>756</strong></td>
<td><strong>343</strong></td>
<td><strong>9,045</strong></td>
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Food and other aid in Grozny - 2000

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<th>VILLAGE</th>
<th>NO. OF HOUSES</th>
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<th>POWDER</th>
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<td>0.15</td>
<td>14.8</td>
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<tr>
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<td>3.2</td>
<td>20.8</td>
<td>395.1</td>
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<tr>
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<td>3.7</td>
<td>24.7</td>
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<td>October</td>
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<td>3,235</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>24.7</td>
<td>409.8</td>
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<tr>
<td>November</td>
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<td>3,235</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>29.1</td>
<td>546.5</td>
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<td>December</td>
<td>390</td>
<td>3,235</td>
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<td><strong>11,450</strong></td>
<td><strong>17.3</strong></td>
<td><strong>16.6</strong></td>
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<th>FLOUR</th>
<th>PULSES</th>
<th>OIL</th>
<th>RICE</th>
<th>SALT</th>
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<td>10 kg</td>
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<td>0.9</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.85</td>
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<td>1.5</td>
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<td>2.1</td>
<td>0.30</td>
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<th>FLOUR (MT)</th>
<th>PULSES (MT)</th>
<th>OIL (MT)</th>
<th>RICE (MT)</th>
<th>SALT (MT)</th>
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<td>330.20</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>20.80</td>
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<td>26.17</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oct</td>
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<td>28.88</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>24.70</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nov</td>
<td>397</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>36.98</td>
<td>21.18</td>
<td>78.75</td>
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<td>35.12</td>
<td>70.77</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
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<td><strong>11,450</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,732</strong></td>
<td><strong>114.05</strong></td>
<td><strong>112.19</strong></td>
<td><strong>149.52</strong></td>
<td><strong>72.04</strong></td>
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Relief and development aid – Kosovo

**Reconstruction of Houses**

PINF’s efforts to reconstruct and build houses destroyed during the deportation of ethnic Albanians from Kosovo, which began in autumn 1999, continued throughout 2000. Projects in the mountain villages of Podujevo district on the border with Serbia were implemented in cooperation with the Czech unit of KFOR, whose units identified families struggling in the ruins of burned out houses for help.

Those projects were financed by the Czech Ministry of Interior and Ministry of Foreign Affairs. In total, 24 new houses were built and 17 burned out houses were reconstructed during the year. PINF also provided roofing for the reconstruction of many other houses by other humanitarian organizations. More than 300 people who were living in tents, cellars or sheds got new homes or new roofs over their heads.

**Primary Schools**

In Podujevo district of northeastern Kosovo, PINF reconstructed a school for 120 pupils in Gornji Lupeč with funds from its “SOS Kosovo” appeal. With additional funding from the Czech Ministry of Foreign Affairs, a burned out school in the mountain village of Medregofc was completely reconstructed, which will cater to some 80 children in grades one to four.

In central Kosovo, PINF built a new primary school for 200 students in the village of Fushcice. Of the previous school, which the village residents had built themselves, only a burned out ruin with chimneys remained. The initial construction was financed by the Czech Ministry of Interior and the school was completed in June 2001 with funds from the “SOS Kosovo” appeal. The facility includes 5 classrooms, a teachers’ room, director’s office and a kitchen.

**Collective Centers**

From October 1999 to June 2000, PINF managed five collective centers in the town of Peje in northwestern Kosovo. The centers provided the most needy (i.e. families where the husband or both spouses were killed) with accommodation, meals and in-house social and medical care. PINF’s “exit strategy” for residents focused on arranging reconstruction of their homes or substitute accommodation, and providing psychological and economic assistance for their transition to a more normal life.

During PINF’s management of the centers, PINF accommodated approximately 2,700 homeless returnees. In September the last collective center with roughly 300 clients (mostly very complicated cases of people without accommodation and financial resources) was taken over by ADRA International. This organization, chosen by UNMIK, took over all the remaining centers with the goal of standardizing social services throughout Kosovo. PINF refurbished the first collective center in Peje with resources from its “SOS Kosovo” appeal, and then assumed management of all five centers under a contract with UNHCR.

**Medevac Program**

PINF and the Czech Republic continued the second year of their participation in an international evacuation program for patients with life-threatening conditions that could not be surgically corrected in Kosovo. The Refugee Department of the Czech Ministry of Interior financed medevac surgeries in Prague as well as traveling expenses to and from the Czech Republic for patients and their guardians. In some cases, PINF reconstructed or upgraded the houses of patients’ families with resources from its “SOS Kosovo” appeal.

During the year, 18 patients – including 14 children with heart deformities – were operated on in the Cardiac Unit of Prague’s Motol hospital. PINF coordinators helped to identify patients, organized medical checks before their departure, and managed all round-trip travel arrangements. They also offered technical assistance to families of the patients in repairing and re-equipping their homes.
SUPPORT OF HEALTH SYSTEM

After the departure of Serbian authorities, the main hospital for west Kosovo in Peje was in a state of almost complete deterioration and half empty. Renovation of the hospital and purchase of new equipment was coordinated by Italian non-governmental organizations. Because of its long-term presence in Peje, PINF received funding from the Czech Ministry of Interior for a project aimed at renovating the health system in the region to cope with the mass return of refugees. Following guidelines prepared by a team of Czech doctors, PINF organized the purchase and transport of new diagnostic equipment for the Intensive Care Unit of the neonatal clinic in Pejë hospital. In 2001 this technical assistance will be followed by scholarships and/or professional training programs so that the new equipment can be fully utilized.

PSYCHO-SOCIAL PROJECTS

Efforts to help people who were traumatized or handicapped after the war were also supported by PINF within the framework of the Czech Ministry of Interior project. The aim was to enable returning refugees to adjust to their new conditions. This involved providing guidance and financing for particular projects, and material support for five local non-governmental organizations that provide psycho-social services in the municipalities of Peje, Istog and Skenderaj. Two smaller organizations also received our support, Arberia and Women 2000, which provide therapy and educational activities for women living in rural areas.

Furthermore, two branches of the Center for Protection of Women and Children, which provide family counseling and health education for women and girls and legal aid in cases of domestic violence, parents’ rights and divorces, were also supported. Another organization which received our aid was Handikos, which actively works with the disabled. PINF also supported small enterprise projects such as the employment of widows and the disabled in a coffee-roasting enterprise. This should partly bring in the financial resources needed for further development of the non-governmental organizations.

SUPPORT OF CIVIC SOCIETY

One of the most burning issues of Kosovo today is ensuring the rights of the minorities and improving their relationship with the ethnic Albanian majority. Sooner or later, the population of Kosovo will have to decide on the future development of the province regardless of its international legal status. The development of effective non-governmental organizations is essential to this process.

A $118,000 project grant from the Charles S. Mott Foundation enabled PINF to provide guidance and institutional support to a trio of selected NGOs in Kosovo during 2000—the Council for Defense of Human Rights and Freedoms, Center for Protection of Women and Children, and Democratic Hope, which services the minority in Podujevo. The project will continue until mid-2002.

THE SUPPORT OF INDEPENDENT JOURNALISM

One of PINF’s institutional priorities is to support independent journalists in non-democratic or post-conflict regions. Beginning in February 2000, it has managed a project that supports the only school of journalism in Kosovo, named Faik Konica. The project provides partial salaries for lecturers, new computers and other equipment for students, and scholarships for students to perform on-the-job training with Radio Free Europe in Prague. The entire project is financed by a grant from the National Endowment for Democracy (USA) and will continue until January 2002.

The Faik Konica project is an outgrowth of a previous NED grant under which PINF brought 13 young journalists from Kosovo to RFE-RL for on-the-job training in 1999-2000.
IN 2000

GERNIK VILLAGE: Complete renovation of the heating system for the local primary school, and repair of the access road from the river Danube and of the road leading to neighboring Padina Matei village.
INVESTMENT FROM THE CZECH REPUBLIC TOTAL US$ 30,275

ROVENSKO VILLAGE: Linkage of a new water source to the local system in 1999, which now provides sufficient water to this mountain village even in times of drought. The inhabitants of the village reconstructed their local school.
INVESTMENT FROM THE CZECH REPUBLIC TOTAL US$ 7,630

REGIONAL CZECH AND SLOVAK CENTER IN TIMISOARA: Provision of new furniture and new equipment for a radio station broadcasting in Czech and Slovak languages.
INVESTMENT FROM THE CZECH REPUBLIC TOTAL US$ 2,356

MEDICAL PROGRAMS: Continuing a series of health-related activities under the project, a group of doctors visited the region to assess health care for tuberculosis and establish prevention measures to reduce the high incidence of the disease.
INVESTMENT FROM THE CZECH REPUBLIC TOTAL US$ 4,660

VELKÝ PEREG VILLAGE: Self-help reconstruction to transform a former school into a cultural center, with co-financing from the local evangelical board.

EBENTHAL VILLAGE: Asphalting of the original gravelled road in the village continued. After 3 years of works, the Romanian side took over the financing of this project. Resources donated by the Czech Republic financed general reconstruction of 3 km and partial repair of 6 km of the road leading into this mountain village.
INVESTMENT FROM THE CZECH REPUBLIC TOTAL US$ 39,600

PUBLICATION OF A TOURIST MAP OF THE REGION: Prepared in coordination with the Czech Tourist Club and Freytag Berndt publishing house, and the aid of Czech volunteers who marked hiking routes throughout the Czech region of Banat. The aim is to encourage “eco-tourism” from the Czech Republic and generate cash income for local families, whose self-sufficiency depends upon small-scale farming.
INVESTMENT FROM THE CZECH REPUBLIC TOTAL US$ 4,465

SVATÁ HELENA VILLAGE: Opening of a new 120-student school that was constructed by PINF under the project in 1997-1999.

SUPPORT FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH: Lack of jobs has forced many young families to leave their villages and repatriate to the Czech Republic or move to other Romanian towns. Our support financed the translation of laws, regulations and other information on economy and business, supported a study on regional development, negotiations with potential investors and a number of other activities aimed at economic development of the area.
INVESTMENT FROM THE CZECH REPUBLIC TOTAL US$ 9,300

LUKBOTA VILLAGE: Minor refurbishment and re-opening of the local branch of the Czech Center.
INVESTMENT FROM THE CZECH REPUBLIC TOTAL US$ 1,044

VETERINARY PROGRAM: Continued with the purchase of equipment for Gernik and Bigar villages for detecting the parasites which cause trichinosis in animals slaughtered at home.
INVESTMENT FROM THE CZECH REPUBLIC TOTAL US$ 922

IN 2000, THE CZECH MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS CONTRIBUTED $119,000 TO THE ABOVE-MENTIONED PROJECTS, WITH $104,000 IN MATCHING FUNDS FROM THE ROMANIAN GOVERNMENT. THE VALUE OF VOLUNTARY WORK DONE BY LOCAL CITIZENS WAS ESTIMATED AT US$ 1,300, WITH A TOTAL AID VALUE OF US$ 233,221.
Six years ago the PINF Consultation Center launched an extensive program of repatriation of Czech minorities predominantly from Kazakhstan and Russia. So far this program has provided the conditions for repatriation of 20 families from Russia (83 people) and 30 children were born in the Czech Republic and 30 ethnic Czechs returned individually. In 2001, 3 more people arrived. In total, 815 repatriated Czechs are now living in the Czech Republic.

At the beginning of 2000, the staff of the Consultation Center arranged accommodation and jobs for 19 families from the Russian village of Meshcheryakovka. They ensured the signing of agreements and assisted the families in filing out their application forms. Throughout the year the Center offered “on-line services,” and its staff visited homes of the families resettled in previous years to help them apply for social benefits, negotiate with local authorities and resolve emergency situations. Contacts with Czechs living in Kazakhstan and small communities in Russia continued.

Since the program began in 1995, PINF has facilitated the repatriation of a total of 752 ethnic Czechs, representing almost all of those who applied. This program will be phased out in 2001.

Consultation Center for Czech Minorities

Ensuring good conditions for the resettled families involved mediating on their behalf with Employment Offices, Czech and Russian immigration Police, state and local authorities, property owners, and potential employers. PINF continuously monitored the renovation of flats and other accommodations for repatriated families. As a result, housing and jobs were secured for all those who applied for the program.

33 children were born in the Czech Republic and 30 ethnic Czechs returned individually, in 2001, 3 more people arrived. In total, 815 repatriated Czechs are now living in the Czech Republic.
There are several hundred thousand internally displaced persons (IDPs) living in the isolated northwest region of Afghanistan, which is not under the control of the Taliban government. In late 2000, a PINF convoy departed from Tajikistan for the mountainous Afghan provinces of Badakhshan and Talokan carrying 13 MT of medical and hygienic supplies. Escorted by PINF staff, the convoy crossed the Pamir mountains in six days. The consignment was then handed over to the Swedish Committee for Afghanistan, which has been operating in the region for the past 18 years and used the medicines in field clinics that were specially set up for the IDPs. The aid was financed by the Refugee Department of the Czech Ministry of Interior.

Several smaller projects to aid other regions were implemented throughout the year. PINF provided funds for a life-saving operation for an ethnic Czech living in northeast Serbia. We helped to complete a humanitarian aid project undertaken in Kosovo by People In Peril, a Slovak NGO. PINF representatives began preparations for delivery of medical equipment and chemical reagents for a hospital in Ukraine located near Chernobyl. We have also provided advice and small donations to a number of small projects implemented by individuals or other groups.
“He who in any way submits to evil, commits evil: be it passively – as its instrument or observer – or as a victim. Under certain circumstances ignorance is also an evil.”

Rudolf Vrba, former prisoner of Auschwitz Concentration Camp
One World Film Festival

People In Need Foundation organized the first One World Film Festival in 1999. Its objective is to develop mutual understanding between cultures and extend public knowledge of human rights by means of film and video.

One World quickly became one of the largest and most important human rights film festivals in Europe and is now firmly established as one of Prague’s premier cultural and media events.

The festival comprises an international competition of documentary films and videos, seminars, concerts, photographic exhibitions and other events. Small-scale film screenings in 20 Bohemian and Moravian cities follow the main event in Prague.

Our Objectives

Addressing young people in particular and introducing them to values that are the foundation of democracy.

Contributing to public discussions about the roles and responsibilities of Czech citizens and the society as a whole in the globally integrated world and within our country.

Presenting the Czech Republic as a country where citizens promote the principles of open society worldwide.

Promoting documentary films and providing a platform for film makers to present their work to wider audiences.

Becoming a meeting point for film makers from Central and Eastern Europe and TV producers from the European Union countries.

Catalyzing the launch of similar events in other countries.

“Films presented during this festival do not only present the testimony of human suffering. They are also an unmistakable proof of the interrelatedness of the world today.”

Jan Kasl, The Mayor of Prague
ONE WORLD FILM FESTIVAL 2000
Under the auspices of The Mayor of Prague, Jan Kasl, and The Mayor of Olomouc, Martin Tesařík

THE FESTIVAL TOOK PLACE IN PRAGUE, BRNO AND OLOMOUC

69 films from 35 countries

2 weeks, 5 screening rooms, 177 screenings, 8900 viewers

24 foreign guests, 40 accredited journalists, 121 media citations

42 discussions with viewers, 7 photography exhibitions, and 1 concert of Roma music

Festival web site awarded “Web Site of the Day” by Central Europe Online

Top festival films were screened in 20 towns of the Czech Republic

Opening film of the festival was simultaneously broadcast by Czech TV

Czech TV produced a 30-minute documentary film about the festival

The Prague festival inspired and supported the launch of similar festivals in Slovakia, Poland and Kosovo

MAIN PARTNERS IN 1999 - 2001
Czech TV, Contactel, Nrg Energy, Inc., Open Society Fund - Prague, EU Commission (Phare), The Foundation For The Development Of Civic Society, The City Of Prague, Czech Ministry Of Culture, Prague 2000 - European City Of Culture, Kodak Professional Motion Imaging, TNT International Express, Czech - German Future Fund

EMBASSIES
Denmark, Finland, France, Canada, Latvia, Germany, Netherlands, Norway, USA

CULTURAL INSTITUTIONS
British Council, Goethe Institute, Italian Culture Institute, Pro Helvetia, Austrian Culture Center In Prague, Hungarian Culture Center

MEDIA PARTNERS

WWW.ONEWORLD.CZ OFFERS A UNIQUE DATABASE WITH MORE THAN 400 HUMAN RIGHTS DOCUMENTARY FILMS.

“I CONSIDER ONE WORLD A TREMENDOUSLY IMPORTANT AND POSITIVE EVENT.”
Václav Havel, President Of The Czech Republic
Homo Homini Award
Alternatives project

Democracy and human rights –
Homo Homini Award,
Alternatives project

PINF presents its annual “Homo Homini” award for personal courage in defending human rights and promoting democratic principles by non-violent means. In past years, the award was presented to:

1999 Oswaldo Payá Sardiñas, A Leading Cuban Grassroots Dissident
1998 Ibrahim Rugova, Leader Of The Democratic League Of Kosovo
1997 Szetó Wah, Pro-Democracy Leader In Hong Kong
1996 Sergei Kovalyov, Russian Human Rights Activist

YEAR 2000
PINF’s Homo Homini Award for 2000 was presented to the Burmese student leader Min Ko Naing, who has been incarcerated by Burma’s military rulers since 1989. Min Ko Naing, the nom de plume of Paw Oo Tun, is a prisoner of conscience who was sentenced for his leading role in a student movement which neither advocated nor practiced violence. He has been severely tortured on numerous occasions and has spent most of his prison time in solitary confinement. In granting the award to Min Ko Naing, PINF appealed to the Burmese authorities for his immediate release.

PERSONALITIES HOSTED IN 2000
Louise Arbour, Chairman of the High Court of Canada, Honorable Madame Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, Former Chief Prosecutor for the International Criminal Tribunals for the Former Yugoslavia and Rwanda
Vasil Bykau, Belarusian Writer
Diederik Lohman, Director of the Moscow Office of Human Rights Watch
Oleg Orlov, Head of the Russian Human Rights Center Memorial’s Chechnya Project
Veton Surroi, Founder and Publisher of Koha Ditore, Leading Albanian Daily in Kosovo
Ivonka Survilla, Prime Minister of Belarusian Government in exile

In order to draw the attention of the Czech public as well as political leaders to their responsibility for fostering democratic development around the world, PINF endeavors to invite leading foreign personalities and activists to the Czech Republic. Many of those personalities come from dictatorial and oppressive regimes and embody the alternatives. While visiting the Czech Republic, PINF’s guests have the opportunity to meet with Czech senators and deputies, representatives of the President’s Office and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. They are encouraged to share their views via the Czech media and through lectures both for specialists and the wider public. Such links and contacts have often led to establishment of long-term partnerships.
PINF’s Belarusian Center was founded in March 1998 with funding from the National Endowment for Democracy (USA). Its main aim is to support independent media, pro-democracy initiatives and reforms and non-governmental organizations in Belarus. BC also publishes news on the situation in Belarus, and monitors human rights violations and the persecution of civic and political opposition groups. An integral part of its activities is to transfer the lessons learned in the process of democratic transition in the Czech Republic to counterparts in Belarus.

During the past three years, the Center has organized special seminars, scholarships and study trips for students, journalists, lawyers, economists and political representatives of the democratic opposition in Belarus. It organized and facilitated visits to Belarus by representatives of both chambers of the Czech Parliament. The Center has made news and information on Belarus accessible on its web site www.belcentrum.org. Regular updates are e-mailed to more than 300 subscribers.

IN 2000
Working visit by professors of law and economics from the University of Belarus to the Faculty of Law of Charles University and Prague School of Economics. Two other working visits by Belarusian Economists and a 5-day seminar for Belarusian Lawyers and Judges.

Joint scholarship program by the Czech Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports for 12 students from Belarus. The program is completely funded by the Czech Government in response to an initiative by the Belarusian Center. All participating students were banned for political reasons from completing their studies in Belarus. They arrived in the Czech Republic in September 2000 and began their study program in the Institute for Languages and Specialist Training, Charles University.

Public hearing in the Senate of the Czech Republic, which was conducted on the basis of a report by the Belarusian Center on the human rights situation in Belarus and resulted in a resolution adopted by the Czech Senate on July 12.

Meetings for Belarusian Democratic Opposition Leaders with Czech President Václav Havel, members of both chambers of the Parliament and Czech Ministry Officials.

Visit to Belarus by Czech Senators Michael Žantovský and Jan Ruml, and their participation in the Chernobyl march on April 26, 2000.

Joint Visit to Prague by Iphonka Survilla, Prime Minister of the Exiled Belarusian Government, and Vasil Bykau, Nominee for the Nobel Prize for Literature, who participated in a ceremony commemorating the Independence Day of the Republic of Belarus.

5-day Seminars for Belarusian Students of Law and History at the Faculties of Law and Social Sciences, Charles University.


CUBA
PINF has worked with other international NGOs in a long-term commitment to support dissident circles and independent journalists in Cuba. Fidel Castro once declared that he would rather sink the island than abandon the principles of Cuban socialism. Today, the Cuban economy is in crisis, citizens work for little more than symbolic wages, there are chronic shortages of many basic medicines, and people are trying to leave the country by whatever means possible. Repression of anyone who speaks out against injustice or in any way challenges the system continues unabated.

In 2000, PINF representatives continued to deliver medicines, cameras, dictaphones, and financial support to families of political prisoners, independent journalists and pro-democracy groups. They also gathered personal testimonies, photographic and audiovisual material on everyday life in Cuba, in particular on violations of basic human rights.
As part of its ongoing efforts to inform the Czech public of the pressing issues and problems facing the world today, in 1999 PINF launched a new project known as Infoservis with support from the Charles S. Mott Foundation, Open Society Fund and PHARE project. Its aim is to provide news and analyses on nations and regions which otherwise receive little attention from the Czech media. Infoservis gives the Czech public access to information on countries with repressive regimes, regions ravaged by wars, and areas where basic human rights are being violated. It focuses on social situations, conditions of refugees and testimonies of war crimes and serious breaches of human rights.

News and commentaries on 20 countries, including Burma, Afghanistan, Cuba, South Africa and Tajikistan, are published on the web site www.infoservis.net. Conditions in all of these countries are systematically monitored by a team of volunteers who are students of political science, economics, journalism and other academic disciplines. Two coordinators train the volunteers, assign topics, edit their articles, and update the web site.

Infoservis also publishes topical supplements which focus on particular countries or on a particular international issue in greater detail. Articles are written by the Infoservis volunteers and coordinators, as well as by professional journalists and experts. Some examples of published articles are “Closely Observed North Korea” and “The Iranian Way to Reform.” Regular electronic updates are sent to hundreds of government and non-governmental organizations, media, politicians, students and others who are interested.

In 2000 PINF continued to make documentary films for broadcast by Czech TV, and to publish topical supplements in the Czech weekly newspaper Respekt. We published a total of eight supplements focusing on various international topics such as war crimes, humanitarian interventions and the international criminal tribunals. The supplements were also posted on the Infoservis web page.
“When working with people who live in cultural and economic poverty on the very edge of society, it is easy to be misled into understanding their problems applying generally accepted values. The situation of some of the families is comparable to social conditions in totalitarian regimes, which create tight interpersonal relationships and dependencies. It is impossible to find a way out of these conditions without external assistance. In the artificially created communities of the ‘rent evaders’, simply stating that rent should be paid is not sufficient. If we don’t investigate the individual situation of every family, we will never know how to improve their situation.”

Jan Černý, Community Center, Matiční Street, Ústí Nad Labem
In 2000 the Foundation expanded a long-term project of social work in communities of lowest social status, which were often artificially created by moving together "rent evaders" and mainly consist of Czech Romas. At the beginning of the year we worked in 8 localities (Nové Město pod Smrkem, Chomutov/Dukelská, Jirkov, Most/Obrnice, Ústí nad Labem/Matiční, Brno/Cejl, Prostějov and Rožnov pod Radhoštěm). In the course of 2000 the project stabilized, and by the end of the year the number of PINF social workers had grown to 16. Other localities were selected for further expansion of the project in 2001.

For its participation in the "Support of Local Initiatives" program and community social work, PINF received a special citation from the VIA Foundation and UN Development Program.

For some of our clients, there are almost no prospects for improving their social circumstances. There are many handicaps and burdens, such as their legal status (non-citizenship), low level of education, long-term unemployment and dependency on the state social support system (in the regions with few job opportunities), debts for not paying rent, and dependency on loan sharks.

Social Work: Intervention and Prevention

PINF clients are often unable to apply for income support because they don't know their rights. Those who receive no support sink ever deeper into debt and further hopelessness, a Catch-22 situation that increases the level of crime. Helping to secure the needed support is one of the key roles of our social workers.

The issue of Czech citizenship has been resolved in practically all the cases of citizens living in the project target areas. At present it only needs to be addressed in cases of people who have recently moved to those areas.

In many of our activities the help of volunteers is essential. Recruiting young people who voluntarily offer social assistance has been most successful in our centers in Prague and Ústí nad Labem.

Children are especially affected by the difficult situation in the regions. Their early experiences are essential in determining their future. Creating facilities for spare time activities for those children is therefore very important. The social workers also support regular school attendance and help Roma children secure transfers from "special schools" for children with special needs to regular primary schools. The Roma children are often placed in special schools because they are assessed by psychologists who don't take into account their cultural differences and assess their abilities by comparison with white children.

There are also serious drug problems in Prague and Ústí nad Labem. The Foundation tries to gradually gain control by mapping the issue, educational work, “harm reduction” (in partnership with local contact centers), and by encouraging addicts to seek professional treatment.
In addressing Roma issues, PINF works with both national and local authorities. After one year of project experience, the quality of this cooperation differs from region to region. In some places the relationship with local authorities is exceptionally good, and in others very tense. Attempts to maintain positive cooperation, however, cannot compromise clients’ interests. In a majority of locations we have managed to convey to the authorities the need for social assistance, and the work of the Foundation is perceived positively. We have formed a strong partnership with the Interdepartmental Commission for the Problems of Roma Communities of the Czech government.

In 2000 the social assistance program was for the most part financed through grants from the Open Society Fund, NRGS, Foundation VIA, Westminster Foundation and from donations by the Polaner and Alfred Bader families.
PREPARATIONS OF THE VARIANTY PROJECT

In end-2000 PINF began preparations for the “Varianty” project, whose aim is to improve knowledge, understanding and relationships between the majority and minority populations in the Czech Republic. This project, to be fully implemented in 2001, is also financed by the PHARE program and composes four separate parts:

EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES WITHIN THE STATE EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM: This project will develop a draft program of extracurricular activities and multicultural curricula throughout the different stages of education.

TRAINING OF ROMA ADVISERS AND ASSISTANTS, PEDAGOGIC ASSISTANTS AND SOCIAL WORKERS: The aim of this project is to educate Roma advisers and social workers to a high standard, implemented in partnership with the New School Foundation.

RESEARCH ON INTER-ETHNIC RELATIONS BETWEEN THE ROMA AND CZECH COMMUNITIES: In partnership with Masaryk University in Brno, PINF will conduct sociological research focused on interethnic relationships among minorities and perception of their differences by Czech society.

MEDIA BASED CAMPAIGN AGAINST RACISM: The campaign will aim to inform about the difficult situation which ethnic minorities face in the Czech Republic, contribute to the elimination of racism and xenophobia, and help reduce tensions between minorities and the white majority population.

WORK IN THE UNITED KINGDOM

The People in Need Foundation sent its first volunteers to the UK in October 1997 in response to a surging influx of Roma asylum seekers. The volunteers assisted local authorities in three locations of Kent County (Dover, Folkestone and Margate) and provided social services to a community of Roma from the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Romania who were awaiting the outcome of their asylum applications.

At the request of the Kent County Council, PINF continued the project in 2000 with financing from the PHARE program. The volunteers mediated contacts between the applicants and local authorities, schools, doctors, lawyers and non-governmental organizations. Some volunteers remain in Britain in 2001 and are still working for the Kent County Council.
We hereby declare that all the relevant components submitted to our audit accurately represent the net assets, obligations, financial situation and registered capital of the People in Need Czech TV Foundation as of December 31, 2000. The result of the audit for the year 2000 is in accordance with the audit laws and guidelines valid in the Czech Republic.

Ing. Květoslava Vyleťalová, Audit Servis Ltd.
### Balance sheet (CZK)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Assets</strong></td>
<td>38,826,856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fixed Assets</strong></td>
<td>10,367,527</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Investment Assets</strong></td>
<td>10,367,527</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current Assets</strong></td>
<td>28,459,329</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resources</td>
<td>1,712,600</td>
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<tr>
<td>Short-term receivables</td>
<td>4,778,957</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial assets</td>
<td>17,439,454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other assets</td>
<td>4,528,318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Liabilities</strong></td>
<td>38,826,856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Own resources</td>
<td>26,367,906</td>
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<tr>
<td>Basic property fund</td>
<td>49,905,740</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reserve fund</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Economic result for the accounting period</td>
<td>-20,537,834</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Resources</strong></td>
<td>12,458,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short-term obligations</td>
<td>4,023,425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other liabilities</td>
<td>8,435,525</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Expenses (CZK)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Expenses (CZK)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Salaries</strong></td>
<td>5,886,054</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rent, electricity</strong></td>
<td>1,852,127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Personal transport</strong></td>
<td>6,341,828</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Book deprecations</strong></td>
<td>3,205,940</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fees and exchange rates</strong></td>
<td>2,205,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fines, penalties, damages</strong></td>
<td>10,319</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Donations</strong></td>
<td>2,120,303</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Guests, meetings</strong></td>
<td>180,796</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Freight transportation</strong></td>
<td>1,458,294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Food and non-food relief aid</strong></td>
<td>35,312,466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Material costs, office supplies</strong></td>
<td>564,331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Passenger vehicle maintenance</strong></td>
<td>2,028,339</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Insurance of property and individuals (excl. vehicles)</strong></td>
<td>99,833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sold and donated tangible fixed assets end value</strong></td>
<td>84,451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other repairs (exc. vehicles)</strong></td>
<td>73,833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bookkeeping, audit, financial counselling, fundraising</strong></td>
<td>343,755</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Advertising, publicity</strong></td>
<td>726,942</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Relief aid projects</strong></td>
<td>32,894,436</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Communications – mail and phones</strong></td>
<td>1,663,210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other services – overhead costs</strong></td>
<td>749,454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Income tax 2000</strong></td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Road–tax 2000</strong></td>
<td>4,050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Support to people persecuted for political reasons</strong></td>
<td>591,497</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bosnian center and Belgrade</strong></td>
<td>41,389</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Preparation of the variation project</strong></td>
<td>22,998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Training for staff of Roma community centers</strong></td>
<td>158,996</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>814,880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Support to journalists and independent media</strong></td>
<td>2,722,926</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Belarusian center and Belgrade</strong></td>
<td>700,998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Research of the social situation of repatriated Roma emigrants</strong></td>
<td>42,873</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>3,432,024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Social advisory services</strong></td>
<td>777,050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Consultation center for Czech minorities</strong></td>
<td>712,372</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Social assistance in underprivileged, mainly Roma inhabited regions</strong></td>
<td>1,714,823</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Research of the social situation of repatriated Roma emigrants</strong></td>
<td>42,873</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>3,247,118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Support to journalists and independent media</strong></td>
<td>2,019,857</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Faik Konica school of Journalism</strong></td>
<td>755,914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Internship for young Kosovar journalists in the CR</strong></td>
<td>698,154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Internship for young Belarusian journalists in the CR</strong></td>
<td>358,259</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>1,812,893</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Additional activities</strong></td>
<td>771,347</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Research of Roma oral history</strong></td>
<td>81,935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Information service</strong></td>
<td>69,094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Educational activities and campaign for Chechnya</strong></td>
<td>2,041</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>1,234,526</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Specification of expenses (by region)

**Relief and Development Aid**

- **Kosovo**
  - Transport unit: 4,451,079
  - Transit centers – Pejë: 10,007,216
  - Reconstruction and development projects funded by MFA CR: 4,179,416
  - Development projects funded by MFA CR: 17,212,320
  - Medevac project: 986,720
  - SOS Kosovo Appeal and Small Projects: 5,088,357

- **Chechnya and Ingushetia**
  - Relief aid funded by MFA CR: 1,500,801
  - Development aid and support of non-governmental organizations funded by the Charles S. Mott Foundation: 8,096,862
  - Reconstruction projects funded by MI CR: 1,992,506
  - Transport and food distribution – Grozny: 1,987,852
  - Projects supported by UNICEF: 1,572,003
  - SOS Chechnya and small projects: 10,015,474

- **Afghanistan**
  - Relief Aid – Afghanistan: 2,019,857

- **Romania**
  - Development aid funded by MFA CR: 4,445,580

- **Other small projects**: 427,442

**Total** 78,582,894

**Cultural Activities**

- One world film festival: 2,915,522
- Research of Roma oral history: 282,255

**Total** 3,197,777

**Educational Activities**

- Alternatives project: 310,109
- “Foreigners” project – thematic supplements: 81,935
- Information service: 69,094
- Educational activities and campaign for Chechnya: 771,347

**Other**: 2,041

**Total** 1,234,526

#### Total Expenditures

98,615,592,– Kč

#### Specified expenses (by region) – Percentage from the total CZK 98,615,592 (US$ 2,555,470)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kosovo</td>
<td>27.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chechnya and Ingushetia</td>
<td>2.04%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Romania</td>
<td>0.47%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small projects</td>
<td>3.24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural activities</td>
<td>1.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational activities</td>
<td>0.83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social advisory services</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support to people persecuted for political reasons</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social advisory services</td>
<td>1.83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional activities</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative</td>
<td>4.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** 98,615,592,– Kč
### Income

#### Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- Chechnya - Relief Aid: 1,500,000
- Kosovo: 2,961,055
- Romania - Development Aid in Banát: 4,500,000
- MFA CR Total: 8,981,055

#### Ministry of Interior
- Consultation Center for Czech Minorities Abroad: 785,900
- Belarusian Center: 33,000
- Kosovo - Construction and Reconstruction Projects: 11,750,000
- Kosovo Medevac: 164,920
- Kosovo - Psycho-Social Program: 2,000,000
- Kosovo - Support of the Hospital in Peja: 3,000,000
- Chechnya - Reconstruction of Houses for Returnees: 2,000,000
- Relief Aid - Afghanistan: 2,000,000
- MI CR Total: 21,733,820

#### Income from Activities
- PHARE: 1,153,932
- WFP: 2,803,920
- UNMIL: 1,054,581
- UNICEF: 1,582,014
- MI: 1,165,261
- CRS: 1,011,577
- Other Income from Our Activities: 4,175,743
- Total Income from Activities (except MI CR and MFA CR): 13,325,028

#### Grants
- Open Society Fund: 1,177,010
- Inros Foundation: 1,444,357
- Charles S. Mott Foundation: 12,247,089
- Ned: 4,018,663
- Open Society Institute: 499,784
- UNHCR: 10,412,577
- NADACE VIA: 86,125
- Canada Fund: 50,296
- Westminster Foundation: 36,948
- Total Grants: 39,972,849

#### Total Subsidies: 801,200

#### Other Income
- Interest on Bank Accounts: 481,444
- Exchange Rates Profit: 2,476,745
- Sale of Tangible Fixed Assets and Material: 207,163
- Miscellaneous: 118,454
- Other Income Total: 3,283,063

#### Total Income: 78,077,758

### Donations

#### In-Kind Donations: 6,279,208

#### Donations from Czech TV: 1,574,925

#### Individual Donations: 3,365,271

#### Corporate Donations: 2,530,030

#### International Donations: 6,367,228

#### Donations Total: 20,116,662

### Total Income and Donations: 98,194,420,- Kč

### DONATIONS EXCEEDING 50 000 CZK (US$ 1 300)

- Prague Municipality: 2,000,000
- Caritas Austria: 1,880,640
- Otto Hirsch: 911,395
- Memorial: 726,000
- Center for a Free Cuba: 605,904
- NRG Energy: 548,419
- Dr. Alfred Bader: 398,290
- Roland Fuchet: 299,295
- Slovak Catholic Charity: 241,860
- Czech Evangelical Confraternity Denomination: 200,000
- Polaner Family: 192,300
- British Know-How Fund: 173,125
- Hradec Králové Municipality: 100,000
- Prague 2 Municipality: 100,000
- Prague 11 Municipality: 100,000
- British Council: 88,500
- Tom Schrecker: 74,476

### In-Kind Donations Exceeding 1,000,000 CZK (US$ 26,000)

- Newyorker, S.R.O: 2,145,290 — Winter Jackets
- Heinz A.S. / Milksun, S.R.O: 1,712,600 — Sunar — Powdered Milk For Babies
- State Administration Of: 1,380,403 — Roofing
- Material Reserves

### Apart from the Above Mentioned Figures Pinf, in the Implemented of the Following Aid

- Food Consignments WFP: 407,000,- USD — Transport and Local Distribution
- Relief Aid Deliveries UNHCR: 472,000,- USD — Transport and Local Distribution

### Subsidy from the Czech Ministry of Interior to Local Administrations to Cover the Costs of Repatriation of Czech Citizens: 4,030,000,- Kč — Assistance with Securing Government Subsidies
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